(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 01:52:44 ON 11 JUN 2006)

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 01:52:59 ON 11 JUN 2006
L1
             27081 S METHYL AND ETHYL AND ELONGATION
L2
                 77 S METHYL (20A) ETHYL (20A) ELONGATION
L3
                  0 S METHYL (20A) ETHYL (20A) CARBON ELONGATION
L4
                  3 S METHYL (20A) ETHYL (20A) CARBON (30A) ELONGATION
                 54 S SYNTHE? (30A) ELONGATI? (30A) METHYL
L5
L6
                  7 S ALKYL? (30A) SYNTHE? (30A) ELONGATI? (30A) METHYL
                  4 S ALKYL? (30A) PROCES? (30A) ELONGATI? (30A) (ETHYL OR PROPYL O
L7
rs
                 80 S (METHYL SUBSTI? AND ETHYL SUBSTI?) AND ELONGAT?
L9
             20280 S ((METHYL (30A) ETHYL) (3A) SUBSTI?)
            20280 S ((METHIL (30A) EIRIL) (3A, 30DSII.,
20952 S "N-METHYL" AND "N-ETHYL"

0 S "N-METHYL" (50A) "N-ETHYL" SUBSTITU

11416 S "N-METHYL" (50A) "N-ETHYL"

1 S "N-METHYL" (50A) "N-ETHYL" (30A) ELONGA?

2039 S "N-METHYL" (50A) "N-ETHYL" (30A) ALKYL
L10
L11
L12
L13
L14
L15
                 26 S "N-METHYL" (50A) "N-ETHYL" (30A) ALKYL AND BENZODIAZEPINE
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L15 ANSWER 22 OF 26 USPATFULL on STN
SUMM
       The benzodiazepine compounds have been widely used as
       antianxietic agents. Though these compounds have potent anxiolytic
       action, they have side effects such. . . from anxiety neurosis like psychosomatic disease in the daytime (usually called as daytime
       anxiety). Recently, the researches for compounds having non-
       benzodiazepine structure have been devoted to the development of
       antianxietic drugs which act selectively on anxiety. The representative
       of such compounds is buspirone (INN). Differing from hitherto
       benzodiazepine compounds, buspirone is known not to bind to
       benzodiazepine receptor but has high affinity for serotonin 1A
       receptor and exhibits antianxietic action by an interaction with
       serotonin 1A receptor..
       . . or heteroarylalkyl (same as the above), and --N(Rb)(Rc) is
SUMM
       examplified by dialkylamino (e.g. dimethylamino, diethylamino,
       dipropylamino, diisopropylamino, dibutylamino, dihexylamino, dioctylamino), N-alkyl-N-cycloalkylamino (e.g. N-
       methyl-N-cyclopropylamino, N-methyl
       -N-cyclohexylamino, N-methyl-N-cyclopenylamino,
       N-ethyl-N-cyclopropylamino, N-ethyl
       -N-cyclopentylamino, N-ethyl-N-cyclohexylamino,
       N-propyl-N-cyclopropylamino, N-propyl-N-cyclohexylamino,
       N-butyl-N-cyclohexylamino), N-alkyl-N-arylalkylamino (e.g.
       N-methyl-N-benzylamino, N-methyl
       -N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-methyl
       -N-(3-phenylpropyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-benzylamino,
       N-ethyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-propyl-N-
       benzylamino, N-propyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-butyl-N-benzylamino,
       N-butyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino) or N-alkyl-N-
       heteroarylalkylamino (e.g. N-methyl
       -N-pyridylmethylamino, N-methyl-N-
       thienylmethylamino, N-methyl-N-furylmethylamino,
       N-ethyl-N-pyridylmethylamino, N-
       ethyl-N-thienylmethylamino, N-ethyl
       -N-furylmethyl-amino, N-methyl-N-(1,4-benzodioxan-2-
       ylmethyl)amino), or Rb and Rc together with the adjacent nitrogen atom
       form a cyclic amino of the formula: ##STR5## wherein q.
PΙ
       US 5141930
                                 19920825
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L15 ANSWER 23 OF 26 USPATFULL on STN